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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/541,776	07/08/2005	Toshihiko Ohashi	0216-0516PUS1	1474
2292 7590 08/28/2007 BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			EXAMINER	
			CHANG, VICTOR S	
FALLS CHURG	FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1771	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/28/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/541,776	OHASHI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Victor S. Chang	1771				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 A	ugust 2007 and 22 June 2007					
	action is non-final.					
·—						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	•					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-15</u> is/are pending in the ap	olication					
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>6-13</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,14 and 15</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers	,					
··· _						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		Evaminor				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	* , ,	, ,				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	,	,				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		7,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0				
<u>-</u>	priority under 25 H.C.C. \$ 110/a) (d) or (f)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	atent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

Introduction

1. Applicants' amendments and remarks filed on 8/21/07 and 6/22/07 have been entered. Claims 1, 14 and 15 have been amended. Claims 1-3, 5, 14 and 15 are active.

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. In view of the amendment, the rejections over 35 USC 101 and 112 are withdrawn. The grounds of rejection have been updated as set forth below.

Rejections Based on Prior Art

4. Claims 1-3, 5, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Lange et al. [US 4816333].

Lange's invention [col. 2, lines 36-42; col. 3, lines 7-10; col. 4, lines 11-55; Examples 1 and 13] relates to an antireflective polymeric substrate having a porous silica coating thereon. The porous coating comprises a continuous gelled network of voids between the silica particles. A colloidal solution of silica particles from which the gelled network is obtained is capable of providing an open porosity of about 25 to 70 percent when dried to provide a refractive index between 1.20-1.30. If the open porosity is too small, the properties of the coating, such as adhesion and antireflectance may be reduced. If the open porosity is too large, the coating is weakened and may have reduced adhesion to the substrate. The average primary particle size of the colloidal silica particles is preferably less than about 70 Å to achieve good adhesion

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(abrasion resistance) of the coating to the substrate and antireflection properties. Fig. 2 shows the antireflective property of a silica coated polyethylene terephthalate (PET) film.

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For claim 1, Lange is silent about the size of the pore opening area and its relationship to the primary particle size. However, since Lange discloses the same product (an antireflective polymeric substrate having a porous silica coating thereon), made by the same chemistry (a gelled network of colloidal silica particles having the same average primary particle size), and for the same use (abrasion resistant antireflective coating), further Lange specifically teaches the entire workable range of porosity which is critical for providing coating adhesion and instantly claimed refractive index, a workable size of the pore opening area and its relationship to the primary particle size are deemed to be either anticipated by Lange, or obviously provided by practicing the invention of prior art. Regarding item the newly added product by process limitation of forming the porous silica layer from a silica sol of colloidal moniliform silica strings, since the method limitation has not been shown on the record to produce a patentably distinct article, the formed article is rendered prima facie obvious, and the process is not giving patentable weight.

For claims 2 and 3, even if the characteristics of the moniliform silica strings are considered, they are presumed to be elements of a product-by-process limitation, as set forth above, and since the method limitations have not been shown on the record to produce a patentably distinct article, the formed article is rendered *prima facie* obvious.

For claim 5, since Lange teaches the same PET substrate for the same use as the instant invention, the hardness of the substrate is deemed to be inherent to the PET film.

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For claims 14 and 15, since they claim essentially the same scope as claims 1-4, they are also rejected for the same reasons as set forth above.

Response to Argument

5. Applicants argue [Remarks page 3] that Lange teaches away from the use of agglomerated silica particles, such as moniliform silica strings, in a coating composition for producing an antireflection film. However, while Lange avoids premature particle agglomeration *prior to* the preparation of the coating solution, nowhere is there a teaching that th coating solution does not contain agglomerated particles. Further, there is no evidence whatsoever that the difference in process step necessarily produces a distinct antireflective porous silica coating.

Applicants argue [pages 3-4] that the non-linked silica particles used in Lange are agglomerated in substantially closest packed form as shown in Fig. 9 of present application, and it is impossible to obtain a silica layer having a large number of large pores. However, absent any factual support that Lange necessarily forms a closest packed form, applicants appear to analyze the prior art in vacuum and ignore that Lange teaches an open porosity over a wide range, which necessarily infers that pore sizes can be optimized for end use.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Victor S. Chang whose telephone number is 571-272-1474. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 - 5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel H. Morris can be reached on 571-272-1478. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Victor S Chang/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1771

8/24/2007